Research area "Societal Impact"

Désirée Nilsson, Malmö högskola/K2

IAG discussant Tom Rye, Edinburgh Napier University



Societal Impacts - Aim and scope

To develop knowledge and understand the connections between public transport and the development of society; and to understand whether this knowledge can be used to improve appraisal methods

- Several projects in various sizes ranging over a couple of months to a duration of several years.
 - Many organised in the K2 main project "The Contribution of Public Transport to Societal development"
- Most are financed by K2
- Two larger projects are externally funded.



Participants

Désirée Nilsson (MAH)

Anna Anund (VTI),

Claus Hedegaard Sørensen (VTI),

Lena Hiselius (LU),

Erik Johansson (LU),

Karin Grundström (MAH),

Erika Knobblock (Malmö Stad),

Einar Tufvesson (Trafikverket),

Vanessa Stjernborg (MAH/K2),

Ola Mattisson (LU),

Zahra Hamidi (MAH/K2),

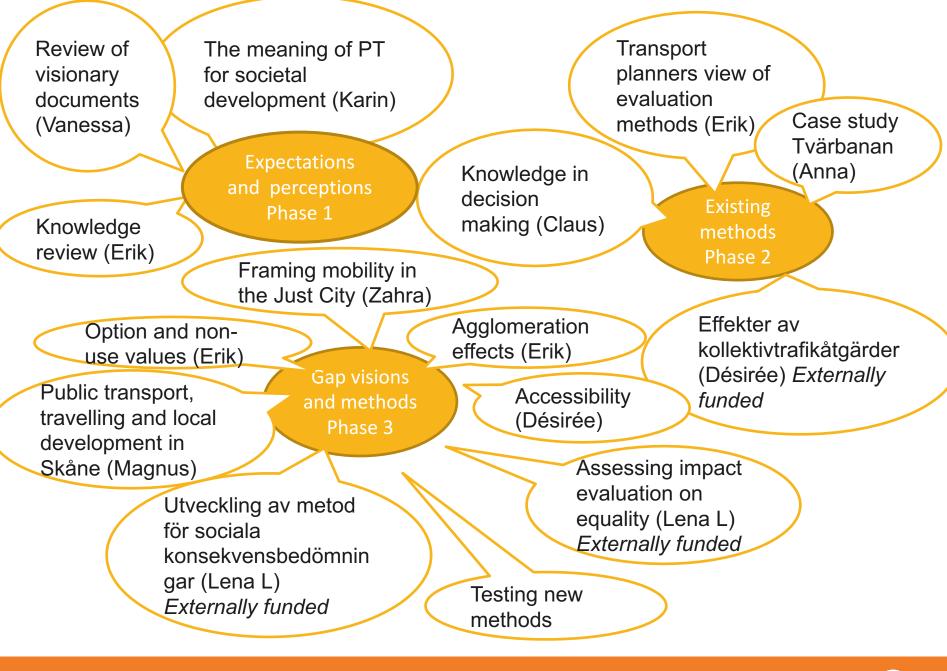
Lena Levin (VTI),

Magnus Andersson (MAH),

WSP,

Trivector





"The Contribution of Public Transport to Societal development"

Purpose

Explore how the contribution of public transport to societal development is understood and evaluated.



Public transport's societal impacts: an overview of evaluation tools

Erik Johansson, Lena Hiselius and Anders Wretstrand, K2 Outreach

- Provide an overview of different evaluation methods that are and can be used for investments in public transport.
- Offer a structure for these methods and for what purposes they can be used, while also offering a theoretical context.



Public transport's role for local society: a study of regional and municipal policy documents

Ola Mattisson (LU) and Vanessa Stjernborg (K2/MAH), K2 Working paper (an updated version have been sent to scientific journal)

Study how

- local governments in Sweden view the role of public transport in society, and to
- investigate how public transport is used in a strategic capacity.

By studying general policy documents, the ambition is to gain a wider understanding of the role of public transport based on the societal context it is situated in.



Reflections on some findings

- The view on public transport at the local and regional level appears not to have changed much over the years (2008-2015)
 - also a wide variety in the extent of prioritizing public transport
- The role of public transport is commonly described in positive terms
- Public transport is regarded as an important factor towards achieving other societal ambitions and goals, particularly those related to economic and environmental issues
- The workshop participants and interviews with public transport planners indicated that the focus on **societal development is extending** to include more areas such as social inclusion.
 - Also of interest to the "National negations on housing and infrastructure"
 - Also looking for more standard ways of measuring these effects.



Implementation of a method for gender equality impact assessment in transport infrastructure planning

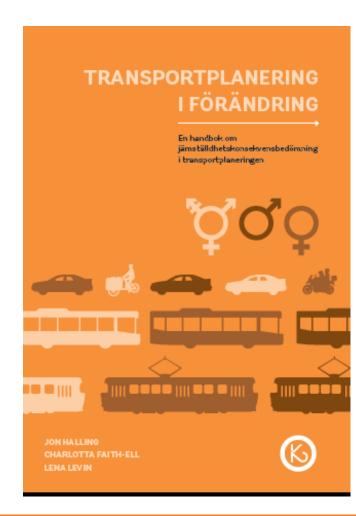
Financed by Vinnova,

Project leader: Lena Levin, K2/VTI,

Current Publications:

- Lena Levin, Charlotta Faith-Ell, Christina Scholten, Åsa Aretun, Jon Halling och Karin Thoresson. (2016). Integrating equality in regional transport planning. K2 Research 2016:1.
- Jon Halling, Charlotta Faith-Ell och Lena Levin (2016). Transport planning in development. A handbook on gender equality impact assessment in transport planning.

Lund/Malmö/Linköping/Stockholm: K2.





Reflections and discussion

Reflections/questions from discussant

- If more impacts of PT (e.g. Equality, social justice) included in evaluation better case for investment?
- Politicians/senior decision makers' see automatic link between public transport investment and economic growth – is there evidence to support this?
- If not is this due to little research in area; or little clear evidence from the research that's been done?
- Summary of current appraisal of economic growth impacts useful for politicians/senior decision makers?
- Or is it better for PT if people just believe "PT investment (esp rail) = economic growth" – a more nuanced view wouldn't help the case for PT?

 PT investments can move economic growth around, to those points where accessibility is increased. Why/how is this a benefit? Do our appraisal tools help us to assess this benefit fully?



Ongoing projects

Ongoing projects

- Focus group study of stakeholder assessment and criticism of evaluation methods (Anna Anund (VTI) and Erik Johansson (LU/K2))
- A qualitative study of public transport planning and its use of evaluation methods Erik Johansson
- "The meaning of Societal Development and how public transport contributes", Karin Grundström (MAH)
- "Use and influence of knowledge in decision making on public transport", Claus Hedegaard Sørensen (VTI).



Ongoing projects – K2 minor projects

- "Option values and public transport" Erik Johansson och WSP
- "Public transport, travel patterns and local development in Skåne" Magnus Andersson, Helena Bohman and Eigo Tateishi (MAH)



Ongoing projects

Externally funded

- "Effects of public transport measures a knowledge review" – Désirée Nilsson, Vanessa Stjernborg (MAH) and Trivector, funding: Swedish Transport Administration
- "Developing Social Impact Assessment (SIA) For Swedish Transport Planning: A Transdisciplinary Approach", - Lena Levin (VTI), funding: FORMAS



Stakeholder involvement and coproduction

- Active participation in developing ongoing and new research projects.
 - City of Malmö and Swedish Transport Administration
- Bridging between policy and research
- Highlighting contradicting goals in politics and policy implementation
- Participants in workshop from various organisations, such as City of Malmö, Swedish Transport Administration, Västtrafik, Spårvagnsstäderna, Resenärsforum, Region Skåne, Samtrafiken, Sveriges Bussföretag



Reflections and discussion

Reflections/questions from discussant

- To what degree might this work really produce improved evaluation methods?
- To what degree do evaluation results actually guide project investment – will Claus' work tell us?
- Co-production how is it functioning?
- Results of this work how is it disseminated? Different products/formats for different target groups? How do you engage with your target groups for dissemination?
- How do you integrate the different research projects?
 Do different researchers meet each other, learn from one another?





